

117TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 1484

To improve the management of forage fish.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 29, 2021

Mr. BLUMENTHAL (for himself and Mr. BLUNT) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To improve the management of forage fish.

- 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
- 2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 “Forage Fish Conservation Act of 2021”.
- 6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. References to the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act.
- Sec. 3. Findings.
- Sec. 4. Definitions.
- Sec. 5. Scientific advice.
- Sec. 6. Council functions.
- Sec. 7. Contents of fishery management plans.
- Sec. 8. Action by the Secretary.

Sec. 9. River herring and shad.

Sec. 10. Rule of construction.

1 SEC. 2. REFERENCES TO THE MAGNUSON-STEVENS FISH-
2 ERY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT ACT.

3 Except as otherwise expressly provided, wherever in
4 this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms
5 of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provi-
6 sion, the reference shall be considered to be made to a
7 section or other provision of the Magnuson-Stevens Fish-
8 ery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1801
9 et seq.).

10 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

11 Section 2(a) (16 U.S.C. 1801(a)) is amended by add-
12 ing at the end the following:

“(14) Forage fish are generally small to intermediate-sized species, occurring in schools or dense aggregations, and function as a main pathway for energy to flow from phyto- and zooplankton to higher trophic level predators, such as tuna, Alaska pollock, and other wildlife, in marine ecosystems. While most species function as prey of others at some life stage, especially when small and young, forage fish maintain this important trophic role throughout their life. Further, fluctuations in their populations can result in significant changes in marine communities and ecosystems. Therefore, particular attention

1 tion to management of forage fish species, and ad-
2 dressing their unique role in marine ecosystems, is
3 critical to maintaining ecosystem function and sus-
4 tainable fisheries.”.

5 **SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.**

6 (a) SECRETARY TO DEFINE FORAGE FISH.—Section
7 305 (16 U.S.C. 1855) is amended by adding at the end
8 the following:

9 “(l) FORAGE FISH.—Not later than 6 months after
10 the date of enactment of the Forage Fish Conservation
11 Act of 2021, the Secretary shall issue a definition of the
12 term ‘forage fish’ for the purposes of this Act. In defining
13 such term, the Secretary shall consider factors including
14 whether a species covered by such definition, throughout
15 such species’ lifecycle—

16 “(1) is at a low trophic level;

17 “(2) is generally small- to intermediate-sized;

18 “(3) occurs in schools or other dense aggrega-
19 tions;

20 “(4) contributes significantly to the diets of
21 other fish, marine mammals, or birds; and

22 “(5) serves as a conduit for energy transfer to
23 species at a higher trophic level.”.

24 (b) DEFINITIONS.—Section 3 (16 U.S.C. 1802) is
25 amended—

1 (1) by redesignating the second paragraph (33)
2 (relating to waters of a foreign nation) as paragraph
3 (53);

4 (2) by redesignating paragraphs (28) through
5 (50) as paragraphs (30) through (52), respectively;

6 (3) by redesignating paragraphs (19) through
7 (27) as paragraphs (20) through (28), respectively;

8 (4) by inserting after paragraph (18) the fol-
9 lowing:

10 “(19) The term ‘forage fish’—

11 “(A) has the meaning given the term by
12 the Secretary under section 305(l); and

13 “(B) with respect to a species in a fishery
14 managed pursuant to a fishery management
15 plan or plan amendment that is approved by
16 the Secretary under section 304(a), means any
17 species identified in such plan as a forage
18 fish.”;

19 (5) by inserting after paragraph (28), as redes-
20 gnated by paragraph (3), the following:

21 “(29) The term ‘low trophic level’ means a posi-
22 tion in the marine food web in which the fish gen-
23 erally consume plankton.”; and

24 (6) in paragraph (35), as redesignated by para-
25 graph (2)—

1 (A) in subparagraph (B), by striking
2 “and”;
3 (B) in subparagraph (C), by striking the
4 period and inserting “; and”; and
5 (C) by adding at the end the following:
6 “(D) in the case of a forage fish, is re-
7 duced, pursuant to subparagraph (B), to pro-
8 vide for the diet needs of fish species and other
9 marine wildlife, including marine mammals and
10 birds, for which forage fish is a significant die-
11 tary component.”.

12 **SEC. 5. SCIENTIFIC ADVICE.**

13 Section 302(g)(1)(B) (16 U.S.C. 1852(g)(1)(B)) is
14 amended to read as follows:

15 “(B) Each scientific and statistical com-
16 mittee shall provide its Council ongoing sci-
17 entific advice for fishery management decisions,
18 including recommendations for—
19 “(i) acceptable biological catch;
20 “(ii) preventing overfishing;
21 “(iii) maximum sustainable yield;
22 “(iv) achieving rebuilding targets;
23 “(v) maintaining a sufficient abun-
24 dance, diversity, and localized distribution

1 of forage fish populations to support their
2 role in marine ecosystems; and

3 “(vi) reports on stock status and
4 health, bycatch, habitat status, social and
5 economic impacts of management meas-
6 ures, and sustainability of fishing prac-
7 tices.”.

8 **SEC. 6. COUNCIL FUNCTIONS.**

9 (a) RESEARCH PRIORITIES.—Section 302(h)(7) (16
10 U.S.C. 1852(h)(7)) is amended, in the matter preceding
11 subparagraph (A), by inserting “forage fish populations
12 and distribution,” after “habitats,”.

13 (b) UNMANAGED FORAGE FISH.—Section 302(h) (16
14 U.S.C. 1852(h)) is amended—

15 (1) in paragraph (8), by striking “; and” and
16 inserting “;”;

17 (2) by redesignating paragraph (9) as para-
18 graph (10); and

19 (3) by inserting after paragraph (8) the fol-
20 lowing:

21 “(9) develop a list of unmanaged forage fish oc-
22 curring in the area under its authority and prohibit
23 the development of any new directed forage fish fish-
24 ery until the Council has—

1 “(A) considered the best scientific informa-
2 tion available and evaluated the potential im-
3 pacts of forage fish harvest on existing fish-
4 eries, fishing communities, and the marine eco-
5 system;

6 “(B) determined whether conservation and
7 management of the forage fish fishery is need-
8 ed;

9 “(C) if a determination is made that con-
10 servation and management is needed, prepared
11 and submitted to the Secretary a fishery man-
12 agement plan or amendment consistent with
13 section 303; and

14 “(D) received final, approved regulations
15 from the Secretary pursuant to section
16 304(b)(3); and”.

17 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
18 subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect 2 years after the
19 date of enactment of this Act.

20 **SEC. 7. CONTENTS OF FISHERY MANAGEMENT PLANS.**

21 (a) FORAGE FISH MANAGEMENT.—Section 303(a)

22 (16 U.S.C. 1853(a)) is amended—

23 (1) in paragraph (14), by striking “and;” and
24 inserting “;”;

1 (2) in paragraph (15), by striking the period
2 and inserting “; and”; and

3 (3) by adding at the end the following:

4 “(16) when setting annual catch limits for for-
5 age fish fisheries, assess, specify, and reduce such
6 limits by the diet needs of fish species and other ma-
7 rine wildlife, such as marine mammals and birds, for
8 which forage fish is a significant part of their diet.”.

9 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
10 subsection (a) shall take effect 5 years after the date of
11 enactment of this Act.

12 **SEC. 8. ACTION BY THE SECRETARY.**

13 Section 304 (16 U.S.C. 1854) is amended—

14 (1) by redesignating the second subsection (i)
15 (relating to international overfishing) as subsection
16 (j); and

17 (2) by adding at the end the following:

18 “(k) FORAGE FISH MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES.—

19 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months
20 after the date of enactment of the Forage Fish Con-
21 servation Act of 2021, the Secretary shall establish
22 by regulation guidelines to assist the Councils in im-
23 plementing sections 3(19), 302(h)(9), and
24 303(a)(16).

1 “(2) WORKSHOPS.—In developing the guide-
2 lines under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall con-
3 duct workshops with Councils and other scientific,
4 fisheries, and conservation interests.”.

5 **SEC. 9. RIVER HERRING AND SHAD.**

6 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

7 (1) RIVER HERRING.—The term “river herring”
8 means blueback herring (*Alosa aestivalis*) and ale-
9 wife (*Alosa pseudoharengus*).

10 (2) SHAD.—The term “shad” means American
11 shad (*Alosa sapidissima*) and hickory shad (*Alosa*
12 *mediocris*).

13 (b) AMENDMENTS OF PLANS.—Not later than 180
14 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
15 of Commerce shall—

16 (1) amend the fishery management plans for
17 the Atlantic Herring and Atlantic Mackerel, Squid,
18 and Butterfish fisheries for the New England and
19 Mid-Atlantic Regions to add shad and river herring
20 as managed stocks in such plans consistent with sec-
21 tion 302(h)(1) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery
22 Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C.
23 1852(h)(1));

24 (2) initiate additional fishery management plan
25 amendments to be completed in not more than 1

1 year from the date of the addition of the species
2 identified in paragraph (1) in order to develop and
3 implement all required conservation and manage-
4 ment measures for such stocks consistent with the
5 Magnuson-Stevens Fisheries Conservation and Man-
6 agement Act (16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), and all other
7 applicable law; and

8 (3) notwithstanding any other law, rule, or fish-
9 ery management plan provision, including conserva-
10 tion and management measures under section
11 303(a)(11) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Con-
12 servation and Management Act (16 U.S.C.
13 1853(a)(11)), reallocate existing resources to pro-
14 vide, for not less than 50 percent of all relevant fish-
15 ing trips, not fewer than one at-sea observer or an
16 on-board electronic or video means of producing
17 equivalent at-sea monitoring information, for any
18 vessel using mid-water trawl or paired mid-water
19 trawl fishing gear in the Atlantic herring and Atlan-
20 tic mackerel fisheries.

21 **SEC. 10. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**

22 Nothing in this Act shall be construed as—

23 (1) extending or diminishing the jurisdiction or
24 authority of any State within its boundaries; or
25 (2) affecting—

- 1 (A) section 306 of the Magnuson-Stevens
2 Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16
3 U.S.C. 1856); or
4 (B) the Atlantic Coastal Fisheries Cooper-
5 ative Management Act (16 U.S.C. 5101 et
6 seq.).

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